

Siman #492

It is stated in the name of our teacher Saadia Gaon (Sefer Ta'amei Teki'at Shofar) that the shofar is to bring fear. Therefore, the infant will tremble and quake from the sound of the shofar, and he is not afraid of musical instruments.

And therefore each person must fear when he hears the sound of the shofar, and immediately when a person fears from the sound of the shofar, the Shechinah is elevated. And this is the meaning of the verse: "God has ascended with a blast, the Lord with the sound of a shofar" (Tehillim 47:6).

אָיתָא בְּשֵׁם רַבֵּינוּ סַעַדְיָה גָּאוֹן (לְכוֹלֵלסס, טַעֲמֵי הָקִיעַת שׁוֹפֶר) כִּי הַשׁוֹפֶר הוּא לְהָבִיא פַּחַד. לָכֵן הַתִּינוֹק יֶחֲרַד וְיָחִיל מִקּוֹל שׁוֹפֶר וְאֵינוֹ מִתְפַּחֵד מִכְּלֵי זַמֵּר.

ְוַעַל כֵּן צָרִיךְ כָּל אֶחָד לִפְחֹד כְּשֶׁשׁוֹמֵעַ קוֹל שׁוֹפָר, וּתְכֵף כְּשֶׁאָדָם מִתְפַּחֵד מִקּוֹל הַשׁוֹפָר נִתְעַלָּה הַשְׁכִינָה. וְזֶהוּ פֵּירוּשׁ עָלָה אֱלֹקִים בִּתְרוּעָה ה׳ בְּקוֹל שׁוֹפָר (תְּהִלִּים מז, ו

NOTE Summary

Rabbi Pinchas of Koretz teaches that everything in creation has a hidden rhythm of renewal, a kind of "sleep," through which life is restored and refreshed each day. Just as plants, animals, and even water contain a measure of this "sleep" that preserves and renews them, so too man surrenders his vitality in sleep, returning it to the higher Source. This mystery is heightened on Rosh Hashanah, when a deep spiritual "sleep" descends upon the Divine attributes, and from this concealment new vitality and blessing are drawn forth for the entire year. The shofar is central to this process, for its raw, trembling sound awakens awe and shakes the soul to its core, elevating the Shechinah and drawing down renewed life. Rabbi Saadia Gaon explained that while music does not inspire awe, the primal cry of the shofar terrifies even a child—its power is to stir true fear of Heaven. Thus, the call of the shofar is not only remembrance but a channel through which G-d ascends in awe and reestablishes His kingship in the world.

Practical Takeaway

When we hear the shofar on Rosh Hashanah, we should not treat it as a mere ritual or tradition. The shofar is meant to awaken fear and trembling, to shake us out of complacency and arouse us to real teshuvah. Its cry has the power to lift the Shechinah, renew our souls, and open a channel of Divine mercy. Approach the shofar with reverence and inner trembling, knowing that it is the key to renewal for yourself and for the world.

Chassidic Story

Once, on the first day of Rosh Hashanah, the students of Rabbi Pinchas of Koretz noticed that he lingered long before the tekiot of the shofar began. The congregation waited in suspense, wondering why he delayed. Finally, with great trembling, Rabbi Pinchas turned to the shofar blower and said: "Remember, every sound you release shakes the Heavens. Even a child trembles at the cry of the shofar, because it is not a sound of this world—it is the voice of the Shechinah rising." After the tekiot were blown, he explained that if a person truly feels that awe, then at the very moment of fear the Shechinah itself ascends and is uplifted. The students later recalled that year as one filled with unusual blessing and tranquility, which they attributed to the powerful awe Rabbi

Pinchas infused into the shofar that Rosh Hashanah. (Source: *Imrei Pinchas*, Rosh Hashanah teachings)] **END NOTE**]

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Once he said in the synagogue before the sounding of the shofar, and he aroused the world to tears greatly.	פַּעַם אַחַת אָמַר בְּבֵית הַכְּנֶסֶת קֹדֶם הַתְּקִיעוֹת, וְהָיָה מְעוֹרֵר הָעוֹלָם לְבְכִיָּה בְּיוֹתֵר.
And when he came to his home, he told us that the reason words of Torah are said before the shofar blowing is so that the people will hear.	וּכְשֶׁבָּא לְבֵיתוֹ אָמֵר לָנוּ שֶׁהַטַּעַם בָּזֶה שֶׁאוֹמְרִים דִּבְרֵי תוֹרָה לִדָּם הַתְּּקִיעוֹת כְּדֵי שֶׁיִּשְׁמְעוּ הָעָם.
And when the listener hears, he gathers his soul to himself, and he takes their souls and blows them into the shofar, and with this he elevates their souls.	וּכְאֲשֶׁר הַשׁוֹמֵעַ יִשְׁמַע מְאַפַּף נִשְׁמָתוֹ אֵלֶיו, וְלוֹקֵחַ נִשְׁמָתו וְתוֹקֵעַ בָּהֶן לַשׁוֹפָר וּמַעֲלֶה נִשְׁמָתו בָּזָה.
And he told us that he could not explain this matter to others, for it is above speech. Just as one shows something with his head or hand and does not say it, so too is this matter.	וְאָמֵר לָנוּ, כִּי לֹא יָכוֹל לְתֵּן לְהָבִין זֹאת לַאֲחֵרִים, כִּי הוּא לְמַעְלָה מָן הַדִּיבּוּר, כְּמוֹ שֶׁמַּרְאִין עַל הָאָדָם וְאֵינוֹ אוֹמֵר, רַק מַרְאֵהוּ בְּרֹאשׁוֹ אוֹ בְיָדוֹ וְאֵינוֹ אוֹמֵר אוֹתוֹ.
And also, when a sick person has pain, he cannot say how it hurts, and he sighs with a voice without speech—so too is the shofar, a sound without words.	כֵּן הַדָּבָר הַנֶּה. וְגַם הַחוֹלֶה כַּאֲשֶׁר כּוֹאֵב לוֹ אֵינוֹ יָכוֹל לוֹמֵר אֵידְ הוּא כּוֹאֵב לוֹ, וְהוּא מִתְאַנֵּחַ בְּקוֹל בְּלֹא דִיבּוּר, כָּדְ הַשׁוֹפָר גַּם כֵּן קוֹל בְּלֹא דִיבּוּר.
And he said: If I had not come into the world except to reveal this matter, it would be enough.	וְאָמַר: אָלְמָלֵא לֹא אַתִּינָא לְעָלְמָא אֶלָּא לְהַשְׁמִיעַ דָּבָר זָה, דַּי.

NOTE Summary

Rabbi Pinchas of Koretz revealed that the shofar is not mere sound but the voice of the soul itself, lifted beyond words. The Torah words spoken before the blasts gather the souls of those who hear, and through the blowing of the shofar their inner life is elevated toward Heaven. The cry of the shofar is like the sigh of a person in pain—too deep for words, yet more true than any explanation. Its essence is to awaken trembling, tears, and awe, and in that moment the Shechinah is uplifted.

Practical Takeaway

When listening to the shofar, one should not only hear a ritual blast but feel the soul's own cry. Approach it with the awareness that your very breath and life are being gathered and raised upward. The shofar is your innermost voice beyond words, and through it you connect with the Shechinah. **END NOTE**]

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On Rosh Hashanah of the year 5548 (1787), he spoke in the synagogue before the shofar blowing—which was not his usual practice.	בְּרֹאשׁ הַשָּׁנָה שְׁנַת תקמ"ח אָמַר בְּבֵית הַכְּנֶסֶת קֹדֶם הַתְּקִיעוֹת מַה שֶׁלֹא הָיָה זֶה דַּרְכּוֹ כְּלָל.
On Rosh Hashanah, a sleep falls upon Ze'ir Anpin (Peri Eitz Chaim, Shaar HaSofer ch. 6)—that is, upon the Torah, upon the angels, and upon all souls, as explained in the kavanos of "Hamapil Chevlei Sheina" (Pri Etz Chaim, Shaar Krias Shema al HaMitah ch. 19).	בְּרֹאשׁ הַשָּׁנָה נוֹפֶלֶת שֵׁנָה עַל זְעֵיר אַנְפִּין (פְּרַע"ס שַׁעַר הַסּוֹפֵר פֶּרֶק 6) דְּהַיִינוּ עַל הַתּוֹרָה וְעַל הַמַּלְאָכִים וְעַל כָּל הַנְּשָׁמוֹת כַּמְבוֹאָר בְּכַנָנַת הַמַּפִּיל הַבְלֵי שֵׁנָה (פְּרַע"ק שַׁעַר קטעסמ"ט פֶּרֶק יט.
Because of this, many difficulties and doubts fall into Torah, sufficient for the entire year.	וּמִחְמַת זֶה נוֹפְלִים כַּמָּה קָשִׁיוֹת וּסְפֵּקוֹת בַּתּוֹרָה שִׁיָּהָיֶה דִּי לָכֶם לְכָל הַשָּׁנָה.
And it is taught in the Gemara (Shabbos 112b): "If the earlier ones were like angels, then we are like donkeys."	וְאִיתָא בַּגְמָרָא (שַׁבָּת קיג, ב) אָם הָרִאשׁוֹנִים כַּמַלְאָכִים אֲנַחְנוּ כַּחֲמוֹרִים.
For the early ones had great intellect, and their hearts were like the entrance of the Ulam (Eruvin 53b). They drew down great light and brought Torah into the entire world—even into animals.	כִּי מִחְמֵת שֶׁהָרָאשׁוֹנִים הָיָה לָהֶם מוֹחִין גְּדוֹלִים וְלִבָּם שֶׁל רָאשׁוֹנִים כִּפְתִיחוֹ שֶׁל אוּלָם (עֵרוּבִין נג, ב) וְהָיוּ מַמְשִׁיכִין אוֹר גָּדוֹל, הָיוּ מוֹרִידִים אֶת הַתּוֹרָה בְּּכָל הָעוֹלָם אֲפִלּוּ בִּבְהֵמוֹת
Such as the donkey of Rabbi Pinchas ben Yair, which would not eat untithed food and had Ruach HaKodesh to sense it (Chullin 7a).	כְּגוֹן חֲמוֹרוֹ שֶׁל רַבִּי פִּנְחָס בֶּן יָאִיר שֶׁלֹּא הָיָה אוֹכֵל שָׁאֵינוֹ מְעֻשָּׁר וְגַם הָיָה לוֹ רוּחַ הַקֹּדֶשׁ לְדַעַת שֶׁאֵינוֹ (מְעַשֶּׂר (חוּלִּין ז, א).
And also the donkey of Rabbi Yosi of Yokrat, upon which they placed a pair of sandals (Taanis 24a).	וְגַם חֲמוֹרוֹ שֶׁל רַבִּי יוֹסֵי דְמַן יוֹקְרַת דְאַנְשֵׁי עֶלָיו זוּגָא (דְסַנְדָלֵי וְכוּ' (תַּעֲנִית כד, א).
Torah spread even into the inanimate, plant, and living realms. Therefore, one must weep on Rosh Hashanah, for through this all intellects and all worlds are created.	וְהָיָה הִתְפַּשָּׁטוּת הַתּּוֹרָה אֲפִלּוּ בַּדּוֹמֵם צֹמֵחַ וְחֵי וְלָכֵהְ יֵשׁ לְבְכּוֹת בְּרֹאשׁ הַשָּׁנָה, וְעַל יְדֵי זֶה נִבְרָאִים כָּל הַמּוֹחִין וְכָל הָעוֹלָמוֹת.
For it is the removal of waste from the brain through tears—for a child who cries much will be wise.	כִּי הוּא הוֹרָדַת הַפְּסוֹלֶת מִן הַמּוֹחַ עַל יְדֵי הַדְּמֶעוֹת. כִּי תִינוֹק הַבּוֹכֶה הַרְבֵּה יִהְיֶה חָכָם.
And one blows the shofar, for the nature of the shofar is to terrify, as it is said (Amos 3:6): "If a shofar is blown in a city, shall the people not tremble?"	וְתוֹקְעִים בַּשׁוֹפָר, כִּי טֶבַע הַשׁוֹפָר לְהַחֲרִיד, כְּמוֹ שָׁנָּאֲמַר (עָמוֹס ג, ו) אָם יִתָּקַע שׁוֹפָר בָּעִיר.
And as Rambam wrote (Hilchos Teshuvah 3:7; cf. Saadia Gaon, Ta'amei Teki'as Shofar), for when a child hears the sound of the shofar he trembles, unlike when he hears the sound of musical instruments.	וּכְמוֹ שֶׁכָּתַב הָרַמְבַּ"ם (הָלְכוֹת תְּשׁוּבָה ג, ז; וּלְכוֹלֵלסס, טַצְמֵי תְּקִיעַת שׁוֹפָר) כִּי הַתִּינוֹק כְּשֶׁשׁוֹמֵעַ קוֹל הַשׁוֹפָר הוּא חָרֵד מַשְּׁאֵינוֹ בְּשֶׁשׁוֹמֵעַ קוֹל כְּלֵי שִׁיר.

וְעַל יְדֵי זֶה שֶׁנָּפְלָה חֲרָדָה עַל בְּנֵי הָעוֹלָם – עַל יְדֵי זֶה יֵשׁ עֲלִיָּה כְּמוֹ שֶׁנָּאֱמֵר (תְּהִלִּים מז, ו) עָלָה אֱלֹקִים בִּתְרוּעָה.
ָרִחוֹזְרִים הַמּוֹחִין וְנָתְרַצּוּ כָּל הַקַּשְׁיוֹת, וְעוֹד הֶאֶרִיךְ.
ָוְאַחַר כָּדְ כְּשֶׁבָּא לְבֵיתוֹ אַחַר יְצִיאַת בֵּית הַכְּנֶסֶת, אָמַר:
לֹא סִיֵּמְתִּי לָכֶם בְּבֵית הַכְּנֶסֶת, כִּי זֶה שֶׁאָנוּ מִתְפַּלְלִין בְּרֹאשׁ הַשָּׁנָה "וְיֵדַע כָּל פָּעוּל כִּי אַתָּה פְעָלוֹ וְיָבִין כָּל יִצוּר" וְכוּ'. כִּי הַבְּהֵמוֹת נִקְרָא פָּעוּל הָאָדָם.
כִּי אַף עַל פִּי שֶׁחֲמוֹרוֹ שֶׁל רַבִּי פִּנְחָס בֶּן יָאִיר הָיָה לוֹ רוּחַ הַקֹּדֶשׁ, אַף עַל פִּי כֵן הָיָה רוֹכֵב עָלָיו, וּפְעָמִים בְּשֶׁלֹּא הָיָה רוֹצֶה לָלֶכֶת בַּדֶּרֶךְ הָיָה מַכֶּה אוֹתוֹ.
וַאֲנַחְנוּ מִתְפַּלְּיוִ שֶׁתִּתְפַּשֵׁט הַתּוֹרָה בְּכָל הַבְּרוּאִים, וָיָבִין כָּל יְצוּר הָאָדָם, וְהַבֵּן.
וְאָמַר: אָם לֹא הָיִיתִי אוֹמֵר דְּבְרֵי תוֹרָה קוֹדֶם, לֹא הָיָה "אֶפְשֶׁר לְתְקוֹעַ (בִּזְהָ"ל: "דורך בלאזין דעם אויר").
וּמִחְמַת שֶׁהָעוֹלָם הָיוּ שׁוֹמְעִין הַדִּבְרֵי תוֹרָה לָקַחְתִּי אֶת כָּל הַנְּשָׁמוֹת עִם הַכֹּל וְתָקַעְתִּי בַּשׁוֹפָר (בִּזְהָ"ל: "און האב ארויף גיבלאזין מיט דעם שופר").
וְאַחַר כָּךְּ אָמַר: לֹא אוּכַל לְהָבִינְכֶם דָּבָר זֶה, כִּי יֵשׁ תּוֹרָה שֶׁהִיא לְמַעְלָה מִן הַדִּיבּוּר, כַּמֶּ"שׁ בַּתִּיקוּנִים (כג, א): וְהַמַּשְׂכִּילִים אִינּוּן מֵשְׂכִּילִים מִנַּרְמַיִיהוּ עַד דָּלָא יָכְלִין לְמַלְּלָא בְּפוּמֵיִיהוּ
ְוְהוּא דֶּרֶךְ מָשֶׁל כְּשֶׁאָדָם חוֹלֶה צוֹעֵק מִחֲמַת שֶׁאֵינוֹ) יָכוֹל לְהַרְחִיב וּלְפָרֵשׁ לִבְנֵי אָדָם אֶת גֹּדֶל חָלְיוֹ (וּמַכְאוֹבִיו
יְקְקַלֵּס אָת הַדָּבָר הַנַּ"ל שֶׁעַל יְדֵי זֶה שֶׁנָּפְלָה חֲרָדָה וְכוּ'.

[NOTE Summary

Rabbi Pinchas of Koretz revealed profound secrets about the shofar and Rosh Hashanah. He explained that on Rosh Hashanah a great "sleep" falls upon the Divine attributes, the Torah, the angels, and the souls. From this concealment arise difficulties and doubts in Torah, but through weeping and the sound of the shofar, these are clarified and resolved. The shofar terrifies not like music, but as a primal cry that awakens awe, elevates the Shechinah, and restores clarity to the mind. He stressed that the Torah must spread into all of creation—into man, animals, and even the inanimate—just as in earlier generations when even the donkey of Rabbi Pinchas ben Yair carried holiness. Torah before the shofar blowing gathers the souls, and the blasts themselves lift them upward. Yet, he admitted, this truth is above speech: like the cry of a sick person who cannot articulate his pain, the shofar is a voice without words, an essence that transcends expression.

Practical Takeaway

When approaching Rosh Hashanah, one should not only focus on personal prayers but also on the elevation of all creation through Torah and shofar. The weeping of the heart purifies the mind and makes room for wisdom. The shofar must be heard as more than sound—it is the cry of the soul that transcends words. Enter Rosh Hashanah with trembling, tears, and awe, knowing that in those moments, the Shechinah ascends and all spiritual worlds are renewed.

Chassidic Story

On Rosh Hashanah of 5548 (1787), Rabbi Pinchas of Koretz did something unusual: he spoke in the synagogue before the tekiot. He aroused the entire congregation to tears, then later explained that he had given over Torah words so that the people's souls could be gathered and elevated through the shofar blasts. He said plainly: "If I had not spoken Torah first, it would not have been possible to blow." Afterward he confessed to his disciples that this mystery is above language—like the cry of one in pain who cannot put his suffering into words. The shofar, he taught, is that very kind of cry, a sound that carries the soul itself upward. His disciples recorded that this year brought unusual blessing and clarity in Torah, as if the doubts had been lifted through those trembling blasts. (Source: *Imrei Pinchas HaShalem*, Rosh Hashanah teachings) **END NOTE**