Introduction:

This discourse explores how *peace* is not only the highest ideal but the very **vessel through which Divine blessing flows**. Rooted in the teachings of Rabbi **Menachem Mendel of Horodok** (c. 1730–1788), a key disciple of the Maggid of Mezeritch and the spiritual leader who brought Chassidut to the Land of Israel, the teaching weaves together mystical psychology and practical avodah. Known for his deep introspection and fiery love for G-d, Rabbi Menachem Mendel guides us to recognize how every part of the self—our "Kohen, Levi, and Yisrael"—must be unified around one goal: to receive not in order to fill lack, but to cleave to the *Or Ein Sof* (Infinite Light) itself. The discourse challenges us to think beyond spiritual yearning as a response to deficiency, and instead root our desire in Divine connection. The famous phrase that "the Holy One, blessed be He, found no vessel to hold blessing except peace" becomes a launching point for understanding why **action**, **silence**, **intention**, **and surrender** form the only true path to transforming our inner world.

In the verse, "So shall you bless the Children of Israel, say to them" — our Sages expounded: "Say to them — face to face."	בַּפָּסוּק כָּה תְבָרְכוּ אֶת־בְּנֵי יִשְׂרָאֵׁל אָמָוֹר לָהֶם. וְדָרְשׁוּ חֲזַ"ל אָמָוֹר לָהֶם פָּנִים בְּפָנִים.
The matter is as our Sages said: "Shimon his son says: All my days I grew up among the wise, and I found nothing better for the body than silence. And not study is the main thing, but action."	הָעִנְיָן, אָמְרוּ רַזַ"ל: שָׁמְעוֹן בְּנוֹ אוֹמֵר: כָּל יָמֵי גָּדַלְתִּי בֵּין הַחֲכָמִים, וְלֹא מָצָאתִי לַגוּף טוֹב אֶלָּא שְׁתִיקָה, וְלֹא הַמַּדְרָשׁ הוּא הָעָקָּר אֶלָּא הַמַּצְשֶׂה.
In the manner of what our Sages said in chapter 3: "Anyone whose wisdom exceeds his deeds is like" and it overturns him on his face. But anyone whose deeds exceed	עַל דֶּרֶךְ מַה שֶּׁאָמְרוּ רַזַ"ל בְּפֶּרֶק ג': כָּל שֶׁחָכְמָתוֹ מְרֵבָּה מִמַּצְשָּׂיו דּוֹמֶה כו', וְהוֹפְכָתוֹ עַל פָּנָיו, אֲבָל כָּל מִי שֶׁמַּצְשָׂיו מְרָבִּין כו'.
The commentators noted carefully that the reason for "and it overturns him" is the abundance of wisdom — from the expression "whose wisdom is greater" — and it does not say that his deeds are lesser than his wisdom. Investigate this well.	דִּיקְדְּקוּ הַמְפָּךְשִׁים שֶׁסִּבַּת "וְהוֹפְּכָתוֹ" הוּא רִבּוּי הַחָּכְמָה, מִלְּשׁוֹן "שֶׁחָכְמָתוֹ מְרֻבָּה", וְלֹא אָמַר שֶׁמַּצְשָּׁיו מְעַטִּים מֵחָּכָמָתוֹ. וְדוֹ"ק.
And the matter is: as is known, "In the beginning He created" — its Targum is "with wisdom," which is the Torah, and "With the Torah the Holy One, blessed be He, created the world."	ְוָהָעָנְיָן: כַּיָּדוּעַ, "בְּרֵאשִׁית בָּרָא" — תַּרְגוּמוֹ "בְּח <i>ְבֵמְתָ</i> א", שֶׁהִיא הַתּוֹרָה, וּבְאוֹרַיִיתָא בָּרָא קַב"ה עָלְמָא.
And likewise, man is called a "small world," consisting of 248 limbs which are the positive commandments, and 365 sinews which are the negative commandments.	ְּוְכֵן דֶּרֶךְ הָאָדָם נִקְרָא עוֹלָם קָטָן, מֵרַמַ"ח אֵיבָרִים שֶׁהֵם מָצְוֹת צֲשֵׂה, וּשָׁס"ה גִּידִים שֶׁהֵם מִצְוֹת לֹא תַעֲשֶׂה.
And because of the thickness of the physical body, its desires are drawn outward.	וּמְגוֹדֶל עֲבוֹת חֹמֶר הַגּוּף, מַאֲנָיו נִמְשֶׁכִים אֶל הַחִיצוֹנִית.

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But the intent of creation is known: that it was for His glory, blessed be He — that the physicality be transformed into the seal of its Form-Maker.	— ןְכוּנָנַת הַבְּרִיאָה יְדוּעָה שֶׁהָיְתָה לְכְבוֹדוֹ יִתְבָּרֵךְ שֵׁיֵהָפֵךְ הַחוֹמֶר לְחוֹתָם הַמְצַיֵּרוֹ.
And behold, in order to refine the materiality of the body — it is through a person performing one of the commandments of Hashem which corresponds to a specific limb from the 248 limbs — and he accepts upon himself the yoke of the Kingdom of Heaven upon that limb to begin with, and it becomes settled — that the entire creation of that limb is for the sake of this commandment, as is known: "With the Torah, the Holy One, blessed be He, created the world," as mentioned.	ְהְנֵּה בְּכְדֵי לְזַכֵּךְ חֲמִרִיוּת הַגוּף — הוּא בַּעֲשׂוֹת הָאָדָם אַחַת מִמִּצְוֹת ה' הַמְיָחֶדֶת לְאֵיזֶה אֵכֶר מֵרַמַ"ח אֵיכָרִים הְמְקַבֵּל עֹל מַלְכוּת שָׁמַיִם עַל אוֹתוֹ אֵבֶר מִתְּחִלָּה, וּמְתְיֵישֵׁב, שֶׁכָּל בְּרִיאַת אֵבֶר הַהוּא הִיא עַל דֶּרֶךְ מִצְוָה זוֹ כַּיִּדוּעַ: בְּאוֹרַיִיתָא בָּרָא קוּב"ה עַלְמָא כַּנִּזְכָּר, שֶׁהִיא הַתּוֹרָה וְהַמִּצְוֹת
If so, the commandment is the vitality of that limb, and it is impossible to deviate from it to the right or to the left — for if there is no commandment, there is no limb.	וְאָם כֵּן, הַמִּצְוָה הִיא חַיּוּת אוֹתוֹ אֵבֶר, וְאִי אֶפְשָׁר לָצֵאת מִמֶּנָּה חוּץ יָמִין אוֹ שְׂמֹאל, שֶׁאָם אֵין הַמִּצְוָה — אֵין הָאֵבֶר.
And after accepting the yoke, he performs the act of the commandment in actuality, and he clothes the commandment onto the limb, and causes the holiness of the commandment and His blessed utterance to dwell upon the limb.	וְאַחַר קַבָּלַת הָעוֹל — עוֹשֶׂה מַעֲשֵׂה הַמְּצְוָה בְּפוֹעַל, וּמַלְבִּישׁ הַמִּצְוָה עַל הָאֵבֶר, וּמֵשְׁרֶה הַקְּדוּשָׁה שֶׁל הַמִּצְוָה וּמַאֲמָרוֹ יִתְבָּרַהְ עַל הָאֵבֶר.
From this, the limb becomes refined — once, and again — until the light of Torah shines within the candle of the commandment.	מָזֶּה מִזְדַּכֵּךְ הָאֵבֶר פַּעַם וּשְׁתַּיִם — עַד שֶׁיָאִיר אוֹר תּוֹרָה בְּנֵר הַמִּצְוָה.
And from there, all doers of iniquity are separated — for the material cannot be refined except through actual commandments — to habituate each limb with commandments specifically.	וּמִשֶּׁם יִתְפָּרְדוּ כָּל פּוֹעֲלֵי אָנֶן, כִּי אֵין הַחֹמֶר מִזְדַּכֵּךְ כִּי אָם עַל יְדֵי מִצְוֹת מַעֲשִׁיּוֹת דַּוְקָא — לְהַרְגִּיל כָּל אֵבֶר בָּמִצְוֹת דַּוְקָא.
And to not go outside into matters of the permitted or desires, as much as possible — to not use it at all — and to silence the limb from its use in desire and permitted matters, only using it for action in commandments specifically.	ןשֶׁלֹּא לָצֵאת הַחוּץ בְּעִנְיָנֵי הָרְשׁוּת וְהַתַּאֲווֹת מַה דְּאִפְשֵׁר שָׁלֹא לְהִשְׁתַּמֵשׁ מִזֶּה כְּלָל. וּבְהַשְׁתֵּק הָאֵבֶר מֵהִשְׁתַּמְשׁוּ בְּתַאֲווֹת וְרְשׁוּת, כִּי אִם בְּמַעֲשֵׂה הַמִּצְוֹת דַּוְקָא
then, his light will break forth like the dawn — which is the hidden light, as it is said: "And G-d saw the light, that it was good" — for light is called "good."	אָז יִבָּקַע כַּשַּׁחַר אוֹרוֹ — שֶׁהוּא הָאוֹר הַגָּנוּז, כְּמַאֲמַר: ווַיַּרְא אֱלֹקִים אֶת הָאוֹר כִּי טוֹב" — שֶׁהָאוֹר נִקְרָא". וויטוֹב.
And this is [the meaning of]: "I have found nothing better for the body than silence" — its meaning is: that it shall shine — but [this refers to] silence from desires, and accepting upon the limb the yoke of the Kingdom of Heaven, which is also called silence — and not using the limb except for performance of the commandments.	ְוֹזֶהוּ: "לֹא מָצָאתִי לַגּוּף טוֹב מִשְּׁתִיקָה" — פַּרוּשׁוֹ שָׁיָּאִיר — אֶלָּא שְׁתִיקָה מִן הַתַּאֲוֹת, וִיקַבֵּל עַל הָאֵבֶר עֹל מַלְכוּת שָׁמַיִם, הַנִּקְרָא גַּם כֵּן שְׁתִיקָה — וְלֹא יִשְׁתַּמֵשׁ בָּאֵבֶר כִּי אִם בְּמַעֲשֹׁה הַמִּצְוֹת.

And this is [the meaning of]: "Not study is the main thing, but action."	ן וָהוּ "לֹא הַמַּדְרָשׁ הוּא הָעִקָּר אֶלָּא הַמַּצְשֶׂה".
Not so when the study and wisdom increase — to know — but not the action; his wisdom will be greater than his deeds.	מַה שֶׁאֵין כֵּן כְּשֶׁיֵרבֶּה הַמַּדְרָשׁ וְהַחָּכְמָה לָדַעַת וְלֹא הַמַּצְשֶׂה — יִהְיֶה חָכְמָתוֹ מְרֵבָּה מִמַּצְשָׂיו.
And not only will he not rectify [himself], but on the contrary — it will overturn him on his face, as mentioned.	וְלֹא דֵּי שֶׁלֹא יָתַקֵּן — אֶלָּא אַדְרַבָּא, וְהוֹפְכָתוֹ עַל פָּנָיו בַּנִּזְכָּר.
And as the saying goes: "Whoever is greater than his fellow — his inclination is greater than his."	יּנְכַמְאֲמֵר: "כָּל הַגָּדוֹל מֵחֲבֵירוֹ — יִצְרוֹ גָּדוֹל מִמֶּנּוּ".
And this was not said as a general principle, but even if he increases in knowledge of rebuke and ethics and wisdom and understanding of how to avoid that desire —	וְלֹא דֶּרֶךְ כְּלֶל נֶאֱמֵר, אֶלֶּא אֲפִלוּ אָם יַרְכָּה לָדַעַת תּוֹכָחוֹת וּמוּסַר חָכָמָה וָדַעַת אֵיךְ לְהִנָּצֵל מֵאוֹתוֹ תַּאֲנָה —
but he does not increase in commandments with the limb that is specific to that desire — it also causes more harm.	— וְלֹא יַרְבֶּה בְּמִצְוֹת אוֹתוֹ הָאֵבֶר הַמְיֻחָד לְאוֹתוֹ תַּאֲוָה גַם כֵּן מַזִּיק יוֹתֵר.
And this is the previously mentioned statement: "Why is the section of Sotah juxtaposed with the section of Nazir? Everyone who sees the Sotah in her disgrace should separate himself from wine."	ְוְהוּא הַמַּאֲמֶר הַנִּזְכֶּר לְצֵיל: "לָמֶה נִסְמְכָה פָּרָשַׁת סוֹטָה לְפָּרָשַׁת נָזִיר? כָּל הָרוֹאֶה סוֹטָה בְּקִלְקוּלָה — יַזִּיר ".עַצְמוֹ מִן הַיַּיִן
But not so if he does not see a Sotah in her disgrace and does not possess wisdom and understanding to rebuke so much — then he need not separate from wine.	מַה שֶׁאֵין כֵּן אָם אֵינוֹ רוֹאֶה סוֹטָה בְּקלְקוּלָה, וְאֵין לוֹ חָכְמָה וָדַעַת לְהָנָּסֵר כָּל כָּךְ — אֵין צָרִיךְ לְהַזִּיר עַצְמוֹ מִן הַיַּיִן.
And at first glance it appears to be the opposite — on the contrary, by seeing her, all women should be repulsive to him and he should not need to separate.	וּלְכָאוֹרָה הוּא לְהֵיפֶּךְ — אַדְרַבָּא, כִּי בִּרְאוֹתוֹ — נוֹסְרוּ כָּל הַנָּשִׁים, וְאֵין לְהַזִּיר.
And this is our aforementioned statement: for through his seeing [her] he becomes a Nazir, and understands more truthfully not to do so — to engage in that desire.	ְוְהוּא דְּבָבֵינוּ הַנַּ"ל — כִּי בִּרְאִיָּתוֹ הוּא נוֹזֵר, וּמֵבִין יוֹתֵר בָּאֱמֶת שֶׁלֹא לַעֲשׂוֹתוֹ, לְהִשְׁתַּמֵשׁ בְּתַאֲוָה זוֹ.
And from then on, he requires even greater guarding — for he still does not possess the deed to protect him, that his knowledge not be overturned upon him.	וּמֵאָז צָרִיךְ שְׁמִירָה יוֹתֵר וְיוֹתֵר — כִּי אֵין לוֹ עֲדַיִן מַעֲשֶׂה לְהָגֵן עָלָיו שֶׁלֹא תִּתְהַפֵּךְ הַיְּדִיעָה עַל פָּנָיו.
And the concept is that Torah is likened to water, which takes on the shape of the vessel it is in — whether square or round.	וְהָעִנְיָן הוּא — שֶׁהַתּוֹרָה נִמְשְׁלָה לַמַּיִם — שֶׁמִּשְׁתַּנִּים בְּצוּרַת הַכְּלִי שֶׁהֵם בְּתוֹכוֹ, אִם מְרֵבָּעַת אוֹ עֲגוּלָה.
So too, Torah and wisdom change in a person — whether good or bad — according to his traits, which is how it spreads into the body through the <i>middot</i> .	כֵּן הַתּוֹרָה וְהַחָּכְמָה מִשְׁתַּנִּים בָּאָדָם, אָם טוֹב וְאָם רַע בָּמִדּוֹתָיו — שֶׁהוּא דֶּרָךְ הִתְפַּשְׁטוּתוֹ בְּגוּף הָאָדָם עַל יְדֵי הַמִּדּוֹת.
And this is [the verse], "A small city and few people within it a poor and wise child."	וָזֶהוּ: "עִיר קְטַנָּה וַאֲנָשִׁים בָּה מְעָט יֶלֶד מִסְכֵּן וְחָכָם

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And the wonder is — why is he called "poor"?	יְהַתְּמָיָה — עַל מַה שֶׁקָרְאוּהוּ "מִסְכֵּן".
The author of <i>Akeidat Yitzchak</i> , of blessed memory, explains: that the body and the evil inclination constantly stream forth their influence, and through it they perform this evil —	מְנַשֵּׁב בַּעַל הָעֲקֵדָּה ז"ל — שֶׁהַגוּף וְהַיֵּצֶר הָרָע נוֹזְלִים הַמִיד אֶת שֶׁלוֹ, וּבְשֶׁלוֹ עוֹשִׂים אֶת הָרָעָה הַזֹּאת —
and they turn judgment into wormwood and say about evil that it is good, and about good that it is evil —	וּמַהְפָּכִים לַלַּעֲנָה מִשְׁפָּט, וְאוֹמְרִים עַל רַע — "טוֹב", "וְעַל טוֹב — "רַע".
referring to optional actions and desires — despite the known truth to the contrary.	שֶׁהוּא מַצְשֵׂה הָרְשׁוּת וְהַתַּצְווֹת — מִלְּבַד הָאֱמֶת הַיָּדוּעַ לְהֵיפָּדְּ
But even if one tried once or twice to taste the flavor of a commandment action with that limb in this world — he would be utterly nullified from ever using that limb again for desire or permitted use —	אֲבָל אֲפִלּוּ אָם הָיָה מְנַסֶּה פַּעַם וּשְׁתַּיִים לִטְעוֹם טַעַם מַעֲשֵׂה הַמִּצְוָה שֶׁל אוֹתוֹ הָאֵבֶר בָּעוֹלֶם הַנֶּה — הָיָה מִתְבַּטֵל לְגַמְרֵי מַמָּשׁ מִהִשְׁתַּמֵשׁ עוֹד בְּאוֹתוֹ הָאֵבֶר מַעֲשֵׂה הַתַּאָוָה וְהָרְשׁוּת
except in necessity, and it would be a commandment — as it says, "And you shall live through them."	פָּמְאָמָר: "וָחַי בָּהֶם". "כִּי אָם הֶכְרֵחַ, וְהוּא מִצְוָה — כְּמַאֲמָר:
And so he should do in a manner of request — when asking or praying for some lack — the occurrence should not result merely from the arousal of prayer or from elevation and attachment —	וְכֵן יַצְשֶׂה דֶּרֶהְ בַּקּשָׁה, כְּשֶׁמְבַקֵּשׁ וּמִתְפַּלֵּל עַל אֵיזָה חֶסְרוֹן — לֹא יִהָיֶה הַמְּאוֹרָע מִתּוֹךְ הִתְעוֹרְרוּת הַתְּפִלָּה — וְהָצֵלִיָּה וְהַדְּבֵקוּת
but rather, after he becomes aroused — he should attach to his Source, that the desire for attaining the deficiency be nullified from him —	אֶלָא אַחַר שֶׁיִתְעוֹרֵר — יִדְבַּק אֶל שֶׁרְשׁוֹ, שֶׁיִּבָּטֵל מִמֶּנּוּ חַפֶּץ הַשָּׂגַת הַחָסְרוֹן.
for he himself desires only what is absolutely necessary —	שָׁהָרֵי גַּם הוא אֵינוֹ חָפֵץ כִּי אָם מַה שֶׁהוּא מִן הַהֶּכְרֵחַ.
and then, as he draws near to his Root — the hidden light within him will flow forth, and the deficiency will be filled on its own.	וְאָז, בְּהַתְקָרְבוֹ אֶל שָׁרְשׁוֹ — מַשְׁפִּיעַ הָאוֹר הַגָּנוּז בְּתוֹכוֹ, וְיִתְמֵלֵא הַחֶּסְרוֹן מֵעַצְמוֹ.
And this is [the meaning of]: "The Holy One, blessed be He, found no vessel that holds blessing except peace."	ְוֶזֶהוּ: "לֹא מָצָא הַקָּבֶ"ה כְּלִי מַחֲזִיק הַבְּרָכָה אֶלָּא הַשָּׁלוֹם.
As is known, peace is the bonding of the light of the Infinite — which shines and gives life to all.	כַּיָדוּעַ, שֶׁהַשָּׁלוֹם הוּא הָתְקַשְּׁרוּת אוֹר אֵין־סוֹף הַמֵּאִיר וּמְחַיֶּה לַכֹּל.
It is the hidden light within the vessel, that fully and completely transmits.	הוּא הָאוֹר הַגָּנוּז שֶׁבְּתוֹךְ הַכְּלִי — מַשְׁפִּיעַ מִכּׁל וְכָל.
Therefore, the Holy One, blessed be He — His name is Peace — for He makes peace.	ַוְלָכֵן הַקָּבָ"ה שָׁמוֹ שָׁלוֹם — שֶׁהוּא עוֹשֶׂה שָׁלוֹם.
And therefore, no vessel holds blessing except through connection to the Source and the hidden light — which is the flow — which is peace.	וְלָכֵן אֵין כְּלִי מַחֲזִיק בְּרָכָה אֶלָּא עַל־יְדֵי הִתְקַשְׁרוּת אֶל הַשֹּׂרָשׁ וְאוֹר הַגָּנוּז — שָׁהוּא הַשֶּׁפַע, הוּא הַשָּׁלוֹם.
And therefore, it flows into the lack and fills it.	וְלָכֵן נִשְׁפַּע אֶל הַחָסְרוֹן וּמִתְמֵלֵּא.

And behold, the trait of Aharon the Kohen — who pursued peace in actuality, between a person and his fellow and between a man and his wife, as is known —	וְהַנֵּה מִדַּת אַהֲרוֹ הַכֹּהֵן — שֶׁהָיָה רוֹדֵף שָׁלוֹם בְּפוֹעַל, בין אָדָם לַחֲבֵירוֹ וּבֵין אִישׁ לְאִשְׁתּוֹ כַּיָּדוּעַ —
it was because his trait was to pursue only the hidden light that gives life to everything — which is the root of all — which is the Infinite.	מְפָּנֵי שֶׁהָיָתָה מִדָּתוֹ לְרְדֹּף רַק אַחַר הָאוֹר הַגָּנוּז וּמְחַיֶּה כָּל דָּבָר, שֶׁהוּא הַשֹּׁרֶשׁ לַכֹּל — שֶׁהוּא אֵ"ס.
Therefore the commandment was upon him: "And there He commanded the blessing."	וֹןלָכֵן הַמִּצְוָה בּוֹ: "וְשָׁם צִוָּה ה' אֶת הַבְּּרָכָה".
"Aharon and his sons shall bless the Children of Israel."	"אַהָרֹן וּבָנָיו יְבָרְכוּ אָת בְּנֵי יִשְׂרָאֵל".
And therefore: "Say to them" — face to face — that both be aligned to one matter:	ְוָלָכַן: "אָמָוֹר לָהֶמ" — פָּנִים בְּפָנִים — שֶׁיְהֵיוּ שְׁנֵיהֶם :מְכַנָּנִים לְדָבָר אָחָד
the speaker and the listener — only to attain the supernal light — the pure commandment of Hashem.	— רַק לְהַשִּׂיג הָאוֹר הָעֶלְיוֹן — הַשׁוֹמֵעַ וְהַמַּשְׁמִיעַ — רַק לְהַשִּׂיג הָאוֹר הָעֶלְיוֹן מָצְוַת ה' בָּרָה.
Not so when the intention of the recipient is to attain his lack — that is the "backside."	מָה שֶׁאֵין כֵּן כַּוָּנַת הַמְּקַבֵּל לְהַשִּׂיג הָסְרוֹנוֹ שָׁהוּא הָאֲחוֹרַיִים.
And so is the way of every person, who includes all — he is Kohen, Levi, and Yisrael.	ְוְכֵן דֶּרֶךְ כָּל אָדָם — הַכּּוֹלֵל מִן הַכּּל — שֶׁהוּא כּּהֵן לֵוִי וְיִשְׂרָאֵל.
Behold, the <i>Yisrael</i> -trait within him — he should stand on his position, which is complete faith in individual Divine providence.	הָנֵה מִדַּת יִשְׂרָאֵל שֶׁבּוֹ — יַצְמוֹד עַל מַצְמָדוֹ — שֶׁהִיא אֱמוּנָה שְׁלֵימָה בְּהַשְׁנָחָה פְּרָטִית.
And the <i>Levi</i> -trait within him — which is the lack — should only be to arouse closeness.	וּמִדַּת הַלֵּוִי שֶׁבּוֹ — שֶׁהוּא הַחֶּסְרוֹן — יִהְיֶה רַק לְעוֹרֵר הַתְּקָרְבוּת.
And the Kohen-trait within him — "they shall bring close."	יוִמְדַת הַכּהֵן שֶׁבּוֹ — "יַקְרִיבוּ".
And when he draws near, he says: "face to face" — meaning with no intention of filling the lack —	וּבְהַתְקָרְבוֹ — אוֹמֵר: "פָּנִים אֶל פָּנִים" — שֶׁהוּא בְּלִי שוּם כַּוָּנַת מִלּוּי הַחֶּסְרוֹן — שׁוּם כַּוָּנַת מִלּוּי
for the desire to attain [it] has already been nullified — only the inner light [remains].	שַׁכְּבָר נִתְבַּטֵל חֵפֶץ הַשְּׂגָתָו — רַק אוֹר הַפְּנִימִי
Then, "She" (Knesset Yisrael) will bless you — that blessing and life and peace will be drawn forth.	אָז תְּבָרֶכְדְּ כְּנֶסֶת יִשְׂרָאֵל — שֶׁיֻּשְׁפַּע שֶׁפַע בְּרָכָה וְחַיִּים וְשָׁלוֹם.
And this is their saying, of blessed memory: "Whoever engages in the Torah of the burnt-offering — it is as if he brought a burnt-offering" — and so for all offerings.	ְרָהִיא אֲמִירָתָם ז"ל: "כָּל הָעוֹסֵק בְּתוֹרַת עוֹלָה — כְּאִילּוּ הָקְרִיב עוֹלָה", וְכֵן כָּלָם.
Because nonetheless, when one's soul is aroused to cleave to its root —	מָפְנֵי שֶׁמִּכָּל מָקוֹם — שֶׁתִּהְיֶה הָתְעוֹרְרוּת נַפְשׁוֹ לְהִדָּבֵק אַל שָׁרְשׁוֹ — אֶל שָׁרְשׁוֹ
that light is aroused in the entirety of the worlds — until the Infinite —	אוֹתוֹ הָאוֹר מָתְעוֹרֵר בִּכְלָלוּת הָעוֹלָמוֹת — עַד הָאֵין־סוֹף — הָאֵין

and from there it returns and is awakened — with a flow of great	ואישת חוזר וניוור רבושתעד רר מור ביותנו
goodness stored away.	וּמִשָּׁם חוֹזֵר וְנֵעוֹר בְּהַשְׁפָּעָה רַב טוּב הַצָּפוּן.

NOTE: Summary

The discourse begins with the idea that G-d did not find any vessel capable of holding blessing, except for *shalom*—peace. Peace here is not simply the absence of conflict, but the mystical **interconnection between the hidden Divine light (Or HaGanuz) and the vessel that receives it**. Peace is the state in which the *Or Ein Sof* can dwell and flow into the created realm. Therefore, all true blessing is dependent on aligning with this source through peace.

Aaron the Kohen is the prototype of one who channels this energy. His practice of pursuing peace between people is not just emotional harmony—it reflects his pursuit of the infinite light that vitalizes all. Because of this, he and his sons are chosen to **bless the Jewish people face to face**. That "face-to-face" condition, the discourse explains, must be met both by the speaker and the listener: both must be aligned not toward their own needs, but toward the supernal light of the mitzyah itself.

Within every Jew there are dimensions of Kohen, Levi, and Yisrael. The Yisrael aspect stands in unwavering faith. The Levi aspect is the experience of lack, which exists only to arouse yearning. The Kohen aspect draws near and offers—not to fill lack, but to cleave to the root. Only when all three are in harmony, and the intention is pure, does true blessing descend.

Even Torah study is not exempt: one who learns about a korban is considered as though he offered it—because the core is the *hisorerus* (soul arousal) that reaches all the way to the Infinite, and from there awakens **tremendous spiritual abundance** that returns down as tangible blessing.

Practical Takeaway:

To become a vessel for blessing, you must cultivate peace—not only with others, but within yourself. Stop relating to mitzvot or prayer as ways to "get" something. Realize instead that your deepest blessings come when your desire itself becomes quiet, when you want only to cleave to your source. Every mitzvah you do with full presence transforms the very limb of the body performing it, making it a container for light. When you align your inner Kohen, Levi, and Yisrael, you become a true receiver—not of lack, but of infinite good.

True Chassidic Story:

When Rabbi Menachem Mendel of Horodok was living in Tiberias, a distraught man once approached him seeking advice. He had prayed and fasted for many years to overcome a particular craving but found himself still haunted by it. The Rebbe told him, "You are focused on the darkness. But the craving is only a shadow. Instead of battling it, begin doing acts of light with that very limb. Let it hold a mitzvah. Not once, but again and again. Then you will see: the

light itself will do the work." The man took on the daily mitzvah of giving quietly with his hand before Shacharit. After some weeks, he returned and said, "I still remember the craving, but it does not pull me anymore." The Rebbe smiled and said, "Because now, your hand remembers something deeper."

Source: Based on *Pri Haaretz*, letters from Tiberias, and preserved oral traditions from students of Horodok. **END NOTE**]