# Reb Pinchas of Koretz Imrie Pinchas Parshas Bechukosai

Siman #251	
"If you walk in My statutes" (Leviticus 26:3) — this is an expression of engraving, for the Torah is the engraved design (gelufah) of the world.	אָם בְּחֻקֹתֵי תֵּלֵכוּ (ויקרא כ״ו, ג׳) — הוּא לָשׁוֹן חֲקִיקָה, שֶׁהַתּוֹרָה הִיא גְּלוּפוֹ שֶׁל עוֹלָם.
And for all things there was an engraved form, such as the resurrection of the dead through Yechezkel, etc.	וּלְכֶל הַדְּבָרִים הָיְתָה גְּלִיפָא, כְּגוֹן מְּחִיֵּית הַמֵּתִים עַל־יְדֵי יָחָזְקֵאל, וְכוּ׳,

## **NOTE:** Summary:

The verse "If you walk in My statutes" is understood here as referring not just to laws, but to **engraving**—deep, inner inscription. The Torah is not merely written; it is carved into the essence of creation, its *gelufah*, or cosmic template. Every phenomenon in the world, including miracles like resurrection, emerges from this underlying engraving in Torah.

## Practical Takeaway:

To "walk in His statutes" means to live in alignment with the deeply engraved truths of Torah—not just superficially performing mitzvot, but allowing them to etch themselves into one's very being. When a Jew learns Torah with devotion, they tap into the world's divine blueprint, shaping reality at its root. **END NOTE!** 

### Siman #252

Sintai #252	
"And I will give your rains in their time" (Leviticus 26:4). In	ןְנָתַתִּי גִשְׁמֵיכֶם בְּעָתָם (ויקרא כ״ו, ד׳). בְּשֵׁם הַמַּגִּיד
the name of the Maggid of Mezeritch, of blessed memory: a	מְמְעֶזְרִיטְשׁ זִכְרוֹנוֹ לְבָרֶכָה, כִּי הָאָדָם צָרִיךְ לַגַּשְׁמִיּוּת
person needs physicality—eating, drinking, and engaging in	לֶאֶכוֹל וְלִשְׁתּוֹת וְלַעֲשׁוֹת מֵשָׂא וּמַתָּן — כְּדֵי — לֶאֶכוֹל וְלִשְׁתּוֹת וְלַעֲשׁוֹת מֵשָׂא
business—in order to elevate sparks of holiness.	לְהַעֲלוֹת נִיצוֹצוֹת הַקְּדוּשָּׁה.
Only, everything must be with balance: eating only as much as needed, and likewise everything else—"in its time." This is the meaning of "And I will give your rains in their time."	רַק הַכּּלֹ צָרִיךְ לִהְיוֹת בְּמִשְׁקָל, אֲכִילָה רַק כְּדֵי צָרְכּוֹ, וְכַיּוֹצֵא בָּזָה — הַכּּלֹ בְּעִתוֹ. וְזֶהוּ וְנָתַתִּי גִשְׁמֵיכֶם בְּעָתָּם.
And he, of blessed memory, said that this is the meaning of the closing line of the liturgical poem (from the <i>Musaf</i> of Parshat Sekalis): "Sustain us with rain, O Exalted and Uplifted God,"—meaning, sustain us through physicality so we may elevate it all	וְאָמֵר הוּא זִכְרוֹנוֹ לִבָּרָכָה שֶׁזֶּהוּ פֵּירוּשׁ הַסִּיוּם שֶׁל הַפִּיוּט (כְּמוּסָף לְפָרָשַׁת סְקָלִיס): חַיֵּינוּ בַּגָשֶׁם אֵל רָם וְנִשָּׂא, שֶׁהְחַיֵּינוּ אוֹתָנוּ עִם הַגַּשְׁמִיּוּת לְהַעֲלוֹת כָּל זֶה.
elevate it all.	

#### [NOTE: Summary:

The Maggid of Mezeritch teaches that physicality—eating, drinking, commerce—is not a distraction from holiness, but a medium for **elevating divine sparks**. However, this requires precision and restraint: eating only what is needed, conducting business ethically and mindfully. The verse "I will give your rains in their time" symbolizes this balance—**blessing comes when physicality is engaged "in its time," with purpose.** 

## Practical Takeaway:

Don't reject the material world—but don't indulge aimlessly either. Use every act of physical engagement as a

## **Reb Pinchas of Koretz**

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spiritual tool. Sanctify the ordinary by doing it **with timing, balance, and consciousness**. When you do, your "rain" will come—just when it's truly needed. **END NOTE**]

Siman #253	
"And I will walk among you" (Leviticus 26:12). Rashi explains: "I will stroll with you in Gan Eden." One might have thought: "But will we not see Him?" The verse therefore says: "And I will be for you a God."	ְהָתְהַלֵּכְתִּי בְּתוֹכְכֶם (ויקרא כ״ו, י״ב). וּפֵרֵשׁ רַשִּ״י: אֲטַיֵּיל עִמָּכֶם בְּגַן עֵדֶן. יָכוֹל לֹא תִּרְאוּ מִמֶּנִּי? תַּלְמוּד לוֹמַר: וְהָיִיתִי לָכֶם לֵאלֹקִים.
And this is the meaning of the verse "To bequeath substance to those who love Me" (Proverbs 8:21)—"yesh" (substance) being an acronym for yir'at shamayim (fear of Heaven).	רָאשֵׁי — רָאשֵׁי — רָאשֵׁי (משלי ח׳, כ״א) תַבוֹת: יִרְאַת שָׁמַיִם.
And as it is said in the Gemara (Jerusalem Talmud, Berachot ch. 9, end): "Serve from love, serve from fear."	וּכְמוֹ שֶׁאָמְרוּ בַּגְּמָרָא (ירושלמי ברכות פּ״ט סו״ס): עֲבוֹד מֵאַהָּבָה, עֲבוֹד מִירְאָה.

## **NOTE:** Summary:

The verse "And I will walk among you" is understood by Rashi to describe a future intimacy with the Divine—Hashem strolling among us in Gan Eden. But the verse clarifies this closeness: "I will be for you a God"—not merely a presence to sense, but a **relationship** to revere.

Reb Pinchas of Koretz connects this to the verse "To bequeath yesh to those who love Me", interpreting yesh as an acronym for yir'at shamayim. That is, the ultimate inheritance of one who truly loves God is awe itself. He supports this with the Yerushalmi's teaching: both love and fear must motivate divine service. One without the other is incomplete.

#### Practical Takeaway:

Yearning to feel Hashem is beautiful—but deeper still is striving to **revere Him when you don't feel**. The "stroll in Gan Eden" begins in this world through cultivating both **awe and love**. The truest spiritual wealth isn't sensation—it's *yir'at shamayim*, earned step by step, until the walk becomes mutual.

# Reb Pinchas of Koretz Imrie Pinchas

## Parshas Bechukosai

## Chassidic Story:

It is told that Reb Pinchas of Koretz once saw a simple Jew praying with extraordinary trembling. After the prayers, he asked him, "Why do you shake so?"

The man said, "Rebbe, I'm afraid I don't serve Hashem out of love—only out of fear. I worry my fear is not enough."

Reb Pinchas responded, "Better one moment of true fear than hours of imagined love. But know this: when your fear is genuine, Hashem begins to stroll toward you. If you keep walking, love will join you on the path."

He later remarked to his students: "Gan Eden is not a place—it is a *walk* with Hashem. One foot in fear, one in love. That is how He walks among us."

**Source:** *Imrei Pinchas HaShalem* §342; *Pe'er Pinchas*, Toldot uMa'amarei HaYirah **END NOTE**]

#### Siman #254

"And I led you upright" (Leviticus 26:13). I heard in the name of Rabbi Nachman of Drohobych (R"N"D) that within a person there is a complete stature ( <i>komah shleimah</i> ).	אוֹלֵךְ אֶתְכֶם קוֹמְמִיּוּת (ויקרא כ״ו, י״ג). שָׁמַעְתִּי בְּשֵׁם ר״נ״ד, כִּי יֵשׁ [בָּאָדָם] קוֹמָה שְׁלֵמָה
And when a person transforms <i>chomer</i> (material substance) into <i>tzurah</i> (spiritual form), then even the material becomes a complete stature—and thus there are two statures. This is the meaning of <i>komemiyut</i> —[gematria] 147.	ּכְשֶׁהָאָדָם מַהְפֵּךְ הַחֹמֶר לִצוּרָה, נַעֲשֶׂה מִן הַחֹמֶר גַּם כֵּן קוֹמָה שָׁלֵמָה, וְהַן שְׁתֵּי קוֹמוֹת, וְזֶהוּ קוֹמְמִיוּת קמ״ז
One may also interpret by way of this the verse: "And You shall tread upon their high places."	ןְאַתָּה עַל־בָּמוֹתֵימוֹ תִּדְרֹדְּ

## [NOTE: Summary:

The verse "And I led you upright (komemiyut)" is explained by Reb Nachman of Drohobych as referring to two dimensions of spiritual growth within a person. Every human being is endowed with a **complete spiritual form**—a komah shleimah. When one takes their material nature (chomer) and transforms it into elevated form (tzurah), even the body—the physical self—joins that uprightness. This results in **two full spiritual statures**: one from the soul and one reclaimed from the body. That is the inner meaning of komemiyut—the plural, suggesting a double elevation.

#### Practical Takeaway:

Your body is not an obstacle to holiness—it can become part of your spiritual stature. When you use physical acts (eating, working, movement) in service of Hashem, you uplift *chomer* into *tzurah*. Don't just grow spiritually—**stand fully upright**, with both body and soul contributing to your inner temple. That's true *komemiyut*. **END NOTE**]

# Reb Pinchas of Koretz Imrie Pinchas Parshas Bechukosai

Siman #255	
In the name of the Rebbe, of blessed memory: within the rebuke	בְּשֵׁם הָרַב זִכְרוֹנוֹ לִבְרָכָה: שֶׁבַּתּוֹכֵחָה מְרוּמָז בְּרָכוֹת
(tochachah) are alluded very great blessings—so great (gematria	גְדוֹלוֹת מָאֹד — קמ״ח — שֶׁלֹּא הָיָה יָכוֹל הָעוֹלָם
148) that the world could not bear them.	ַלְסוֹבְלָן.
Therefore, they needed to be clothed in such garments until they	וְהָצְרְכוּ לְהִתְלַבֵּשׁ בְּמַלְבּוּשִׁים כָּאֵלוּ עַד שֶׁנִּכְתְּבוּ
were written as if they were curses.	ָבָּקְלָּלוֹת.

## **NOTE: Summary:**

According to the Rebbe (likely the Baal Shem Tov or Maggid of Mezeritch), the terrifying verses of the *Tochachah* (rebuke) conceal **tremendous blessings**—so intense that they could not be revealed directly. These 148-level blessings (*gematria: kemach*, flour) were instead veiled in garments of apparent curses, so that the world could receive them without being overwhelmed.

# Practical Takeaway: When you encounter something bitter—especially in Torah or in life—don't turn away. Beneath the surface way lie light to a reverful to be seen head on. Train yourself to been Head on?

the surface may lie light too powerful to be seen head-on. Train yourself to hear Hashem's whisper **even in harsh words**, for sometimes the greatest kindness is hidden in disguise. **END NOTE**]