וְהָוָה הַשַּׁהוֹר עַל הַשָּׁמֵא בִּיוֹם הַשִּׁלִישִׁי וּבִיוֹם הַשִּׁבִיעִי

Introduction

This discourse by the Alter Rebbe, Rabbi Schneur Zalman of Liadi (1745–1812), founder of Chabad Chassidus and author of the *Tanya* and *Shulchan Aruch HaRav*, delves into the mystical significance of the purification process through the Red Heifer (*Parah Adumah*), as detailed in Parshas Chukas. Delivered within the context of Chassidus Chabad, it reveals how purification from impurity—particularly the impurity of death—is not merely a ritual but a spiritual resurrection powered by the deepest divine compassion. Central themes include the elevation through self-nullification, the power of Kesser (Crown), and how true servitude (*avdus*) transcends intellect. The Alter Rebbe portrays teshuvah not as a distant demand, but as an immediate, intimate closeness to G-d, made possible even for the most spiritually distant.

And the pure one shall sprinkle upon the impure one on the third day and on the seventh day.	ְרָזָה הַטָּהוֹר עַל הַטָּמֵא בַּיּוֹם הַשְּׁלִישִׁי וּבַיּוֹם הַשְּׁבִיעִי.
Behold, in the beginning of the resurrection it is written: "On the third day He will raise us up and we will live before Him" (see Midrash Rabbah, Parshas Vayeira, section 56).	הָנֵה בִּתְחִיַּת הַחַיִּים כָּתוּב "בַּיוֹם הַשְּׁלִישִׁי יְקִימֵנוּ וְנִחְיֶה [לְפָנָיו" [ע׳ בְּמִדְרָשׁ רַבָּה פ׳ וַיֵּרָא פ״ו].
And the matter is, that the revival of the dead is through abundant mercy, with the dew by which He is destined to revive the dead—this is the source of the Thirteen Attributes of Mercy, as explained in the discourse that begins with "He fed you the manna."	ְוָהָעָנָיֶן כִּי מְחַיֵּה מֵתִים הוּא בְּרַחֲמִים רַבִּים, טַל שֶׁעָתִיד לְהַחֲיוֹת בּוֹ אֶת הַמֵּתִים, וְהוּא מְקוֹר י״ג מִדּוֹת הָרַחֲמִים, וּרְמוֹ שֶׁכָּתוּב בְּדִ״ה וַיַּאֲכִילְךְ אֶת הַמָּן.
And behold, Tiferes—which is the Attribute of Mercy, the attribute of Yaakov—ascends up to the level of Kesser, which is the level of "abundant mercy," in the secret of the "middle bar that passes through from end to end," in Zohar, end of Parshas Terumah (Zohar II:175b).	וְהָנֵה תִּפְאֶרֶת, שֶׁהִיא מִדַּת הָרַחֲמִים, מִדָּתוֹ שֶׁל יַצְקֹב, עוֹלֶה עַד הַכֶּתֶר—בְּחִינַת רַחֲמִים רַבִּים—בְּסוֹד בְּרִיחַ הַתִּיכוֹן הַמַּבְרִיחַ מִן הַקָּצֶה אֶל הַקָּצֶה, בַּזּהֵר סוֹף פ׳ הָתְרוּמָה (דקע״ה ע״ב.
And this is [the meaning of] "On the third day specifically He will raise us up," and see what is written later on this verse in relation to the Ten Days of Repentance.	וְזֶהוּ "בַּיּוֹם הַשְּׁלִישִׁי דַּיִיקָא יְקִימֵנוּ", וְעַיֵּן מַה שֶּׁכָּתוּב עַל פָּסוּק זָה לְקַמָּן גַּבֵּי עֲשֶׂרֶת יְמֵי תְּשׁוּבָה.
And this is [also the meaning of] "And I bore you on the wings of eagles"—which is the Face of the Eagle, a level of mercy, to arouse mercy for the descent of the soul. And through this: "And I brought you to Me, literally."	וְזָהוּ "וָאֶשָׂא אֶתְכֶם עַל כַּנְפֵי נְשָׁרִים"—שָׁהוּא פְּנֵי נֶשֶׁר, בְּחִינַת רַחֲמִים, לְעוֹרֵר רַחֲמִים עַל יְרִידַת הַנֶּפֶשׁ, וְעַל יְדֵי זֶה "וָאָבִיא אֶתְכֶם אֵלַי" מַמְּשׁ

וְהָזָה הַטָּהוֹר עַל הַטָּמֵא בַּיּוֹם הַשְּׁלִישִׁי וּבַיּוֹם הַשְּׁבִיעִי

"As an eagle stirs he carries it on his wings," as is written elsewhere.	ּכְנֶשֶׁר יָעִיר כו׳ יִשָּׂאָהוּ עַל אָבְרָתוֹ כו׳" כְּמוֹ שֶׁכָּתוּב" בְּמָקוֹם אַחֵר.
"And we will live before Him" precisely—that is, that in the future, the inward [dimension] will be revealed, through that which is higher than Shevirah and Tikkun (the Breaking and the Rectification).	ְוְנִחְיֶה לְפָנֵיו" דַּיִיקָא—הַיְנוּ שֶׁלֶּעָתִיד לָבוֹא יִתְגַּלֶּה" פָּנִימִיּוּת עַל יְדֵי מַה שֶׁלְּמַעְלָה מֵהַשְׁבִירָה וְהַתִּיקוּן כו׳,
And this is [the meaning of] "On the third day" and [that] "He saw the place from afar"—this is like "To Yaakov, who redeemed Avraham," for the level of "from afar" is that which is distant from grasp.	ןְזֶהוּ "בַּיוֹם הַשְּׁלִישִׁי כו׳ וַיִּרְא אֶת הַמָּקוֹם מֵרָחֹק"—וְהוּא עַל דֶּרֶךּ "לְיַצֵּקֹב אֲשֶׁר פָּדָה אֶת אַבְרָהָם", כִּי בְּחִינַת "מֵרָחֹק" הוּא מַה שֶׁרָחוֹק מֵהַשֶּׂגָה.
"I said I will be wise, but it is far from me"—that which Shlomo said regarding the commandment of the Red Heifer.	אָמַרְתִּי אֶחְכָּמָה וְהִיא רְחוֹקָה מִמֶּנִּי"—שֶׁאָמַר שְׁלֹמֹה" עַל מִצְוַת פָּרָה אֲדָמָה.
And all of this is drawn down through "on the third day," etc., which is the level of mercy, as mentioned above, and see what is written elsewhere on the verse "For this commandment is not distant" etc., which is said regarding the commandment of Teshuvah.	ְרָכָל זֶה נִמְשֶׁךְּ עַל־יְדֵי "בַּיּוֹם הַשְּׁלִישִׁי כו׳", בְּחִינַת רַחֲמִים כַּנַּ"ל, וְעַיֵּן מַה שֶּׁבָּתוּב בִּמְקוֹם אַחֵר עַל פָּסוּק "כִּי הַמִּצְוָה הַזֹּאת כו׳ וְלֹא רְחוֹקָה הִיא כו׳", שֶׁנֶּאֱמֵר עַל מִצְוַת הַתְּשׁוּבָה.
For although the drawing down is from the level of Kesser, the supreme encompassing [light], which is called "distant," nevertheless "the matter is very close to you," etc.	פִּי אַף־עַל־פִּי שֶׁהַהַמְשָׁכָה מִבְּחִינַת כֶּתֶר מַקִּיף עֶלְיוֹן מַה שֶׁנִּקְרָא "רָחוֹק", אַף־עַל־פִּי־כֵן "קָרוֹב אֵלֶיךְ הַדְּבָר רכו׳.
And this is like the concept of "And I bore you on the wings of eagles to Me," as mentioned above.	ְהַיְנוּ כְּעִנְיַן "וָאֶשָּׂא אֶתְכֶם עַל כַּנְפֵי נְשָׁרִים כו׳ אֵלַי", בַּנַּ"ל.
And behold, the ashes of the cow are also a level of Teshuvah—to burn all evil thoughts, as explained elsewhere.	ְרָהַנָּה אֵפֶר הַפָּרָה הוּא גַּם־כֵּן בְּחִינַת תְּשׁוּבָה, לִשְׂרֹף כָּל הַהָּרְהוּרִין בִּישִׁין, כְּמוֹ שֶׁכָּתוּב בִּמְקוֹם אַחֵר.
And through this is drawn down "living water" from the level of "Wisdom," and "it is distant," to the distant one, who thereby becomes close.	ְוְעַל־יְדֵי זֶה נִמְשָׁךְּ "מַיִם חַיִּים" מִבְּחִינַת "אֲחָכְמָה", וְהִיא "רְחוֹקָה", לְרָחוֹק שֶׁנַּצֵשֶׂה קָרוֹב.
And like the concept of the sprinkling to purify the impure who is [like] dead—so too, literally, a person can revive his soul that is bound and tied in the vanities of the world and is considered like dead, as it is written: "And He gave the wicked their grave."	ְרְעִנְיֵן הַהַּזָּאָה לְטַהֵּר טָמֵא מֵת, כָּכָה מַמְּשׁ יְחַיֶּה אִישׁ אֶת נַפְשׁוֹ הָאֲסוּרָה וּקְשׁוּרָה בְּהֶבְלֵי עוֹלָם, וְנֶחְשֶׁבֶת כְּמֵת, רָכְּמוֹ שֶׁבָּתוּב "וַיִּתֵּן אֶת רְשָׁעִים קִבְרוֹ".

וְהָזָּה הַשָּׁהוֹר עַל הַשָּׁמֵא בַּיּוֹם הַשְּׁלִישִׁי וּבַיּוֹם הַשְּׁבִיעִי

And as our sages said: "The wicked, in their lifetimes, are called dead."	וּרְמַאֲמַר רַזַ״ל: "רְשָׁעִים בְּחַיֵּיהֶם קְרוּיִים מֵתִים".
And this is through the arousal of great mercy from Above.	וְהַיְנוּ עַל־יְדֵי הָתְעוֹרְרוּת רַחֲמִים רַבִּים מִלְמַעְלָה.
And therefore the sprinkling is also on the third day—through [one who] arouses mercy upon his soul: "In Your great mercy, have mercy upon us," etc., and "He is merciful, and atones sin," etc.	וְלָכֵן הַהַזָּאָה הִיא גַּם־כֵּן בַּיוֹם הַשְּׁלִישִׁי, עַל־יְדֵי שֶׁמְעוֹרֵר רַחֲמִים עַל נַפְשׁוֹ: "בְּרַחֲמֶידְ הָרַבִּים רַחֵם "עָלֵינוּ כוי", וְ"הוּא רַחוּם יְכַכֵּּר עָוֹן כו׳.
And see what is written in the discourse beginning "I saw, and behold, a Menorah of gold," on the matter of "In Your great mercy," etc.	וְעַיֵּן מֵה שֶׁכָּתוּב בְּדִ״ה "רָאִיתִי וְהִנֵּה מְנוֹרַת זָהָב", בְּעִנְיַן ""בְּרַחָמֶיךּ הָרַבִּים כוי".
And on the seventh day, it is the level of Malchus, which is the level of David.	וּבַיּוֹם הַשָּׁבִיעִי הוּא בְּחִינַת מֵלְכוּת, וְהוּא בְּחִינַת דָּוִד.
And among the seven Ushpizin, Yaakov is the third, and David is the seventh.	וּבְז׳ אוּשְׁפִּיזִין, יַעֲקֹב הוּא הַשְּׁלִישִׁי, וְדָוִד הוּא הַשְּׁבִיעִי.
And the level of David, who was the chariot to the level of Malchus, is because he is the aspect of "David My servant."	וּבְחִינַת דָּוִד שֶׁהָיָה מֶרְכָּבָה לְבְחִינַת מֵלְכוּת, לְפִי שֶׁהוּא "בְּחִינַת "דָּוִד עַבְדִּי".
And behold, it is written: "For the Children of Israel are servants to Me," meaning that through their being in the state of servants, thereby they become truly Mine.	ְהָבֵּה כָּתוּב: "כִּי לִי בְּנֵי־יִשְׂרָאֵל עֲבָדִים", פֵּירוּשׁ: עַל־יְדֵי שֶׁיָּהִיוּ בִּבְחִינַת עֲבָדִים—עַל־יְדֵי זֶה יִהְיוּ לִי מַמָּשׁ
And as explained elsewhere on the verse "And now, may it be magnified" that the level of "servant"—which is total self-nullification without any reason or understanding—its root is exceedingly high.	ְוַכַמָּ"שׁ בִּמְקוֹם אַחֵר עַל פָּסוּק "וְעַתָּה יִגְדַּל נָא כו׳", שֶׁבְּחִינַת עֶבֶד שֶׁהוּא הַבִּיטוּל לְגַמְרֵי בְּלִי שׁוּם טַעַם וָדַעַת—שָׁרְשׁוֹ גָבוֹהַ מְאֹד.
That is, it draws from the level of Kesser, which is above Chochmah and Binah—and this is the level of Malchus of Ein Sof.	ְהַיְנוּ שֶׁמַּמְשִׁיךְ מִבְּחִינַת כֶּתֶר שֶׁלְּמַעְלָה מֵחָכְמָה וּבִינָה, וְהוּא בְּחִינַת מַלְכוּת דְּאֵין־סוֹף.
And this is the level of "Mine, truly," like what is explained elsewhere on the verse "And I will betroth you to Me forever," etc., that in this level there are no changes, etc.	וְזֶהוּ בְּחִינַת "לִי מַפָּשׁ", עַל דֶּרֶךְ הַמְּבוֹאָר בִּמְקוֹם אַחֵר עַל פָּסוּק "וְאַרַשְׂתִּיךְ לִי לְעוֹלֶם כו׳", שֶׁבְּבְחִינָה זוֹ אֵין שַׁיָּיךְ שִׁינוּיִים כו׳.
Also, the root of the impurity of death extends from the Breaking of the Vessels—the seven kings of Tohu who died, etc.	וְגַם הָנֵּה שֹׁרֶשׁ טוּמְאַת מֵת נִמְשָׁךּ מִשְׁבִירַת הַכֵּלִים, ז׳ מְלָכִין דְּתֹהוּ שֶׁמֵּתוּ כו׳.
"Bela" is the level of Daas, etc., and this is also the concept of the Tree of Knowledge of Good and Evil.	ֶבֶלַע" הוּא בְּחִינַת הַדַּעַת כו׳, וְזֶהוּ גַּם־כֵּן עִנְיַן עֵץ" הַדַּעַת טוֹב וָרָע.

וְהִזָּה הַשָּהוֹר עַל הַשָּמֵא בַּיּוֹם הַשְּׁלִישִׁי וּבַיּוֹם הַשְּׁבִיעִי

Whereas in Supernal Chochmah it is written: "They die, but not in	מַה שֶׁאֵין כֵּן בַּחָכְמָה עִילָאָה כָּתוּב "יָמוּתוּ וְלֹא
wisdom"—[referring to] the Tree of Life.	בְּחָכְמָה"—צֵץ הַחַיִּים.
And how much more so in the level of Kesser, etc.—the Life of life, etc.—and this is drawn down through self-nullification beyond understanding, which is the level of "on the seventh day," etc.	וּכָל־שֶׁכֵּן בְּבָחִינַת כֶּתֶר כו׳, "חַיֵּי הַחַיִּים כו׳", וְזֶה נִמְשֶׁךְ עַל־יְדֵי הַבִּיטוּל שֶׁלְמַעְלָה מִן הַדַּעַת, שֶׁהוּא בְּחִינַת ""בַּיּוֹם הַשְּׁבִיעִי כו׳
And see what is written in Parshas Vayakhel in the discourse that begins "Take from among you a donation," regarding "and a witness has no end," etc., there—and this is the concept of "David is alive and enduring."	וְעַיֵּן מַה שֶּׁכָּתוּב בְּפַרְשַׁת וַיַּקְהֵל בְּדִ״ה "קְחוּ מֵאִתְּכֶם תְּרוּמָה", בְּעִנְיַן "וְעֵד אֵין לוֹ הָפְסֵק כוי", עַיֵּן שֶׁם—וְזֶהוּ ענְיַן "דָּוִד חַי וְקַיָּים".
And behold, also regarding Yaakov, our sages said: "Yaakov Avinu did not die," for he is from the level that is above the Breaking [of the Vessels].	וְהָנֵה גַּם בְּיַעֲקֹב אָמְרוּ רַזַ״ל "יַעֲקֹב אָבִינוּ לֹא מֵת"—-שֶׁהוּא מִבְּחִינָה שֶׁלְמַעְלָה מֵהַשְּׁבִירָה.
And as explained elsewhere on the Zohar at the end of Parshas Vayigash, on the verse "And Yaakov blessed Pharaoh," etc., and see also what is written in Parshas Vayishlach on the verse "And he wrestled," etc., regarding "for he could not overcome him," etc.	וּכְמוֹ־שֶׁמְבוֹאָר בִּמְקוֹם אַחֵר עַל מַאֲמֵר הַזּהַר סוֹף פּ׳ וַיִּגֵּשׁ עַל פָּסוּק "וַיְבֶרֶךְ יַעֲקֹב אֶת פַּרְעֹה כוי", וְעַיֵּן מַה שֶׁכָּתוּב בְּפַרְשֵׁת וַיִּשְׁלַח עַל פָּסוּק "וַיֵּאָבֵק כוי", בְּעִנְיַן "כִּי לֹא יָכֹל לוֹ כו׳.
Therefore, the sprinkling for the purification of one who is impure from a corpse, to remove the spirit of impurity, is specifically on the third day and on the seventh day.	וְלָכֵן הַהַזָּאָה לְטָהֲרַת טָמֵא מֵת, לְהַעֲבִיר רוּחַ הַטוּמְאָה, הִיא דַּיִיקָא בַּיּוֹם הַשְּׁלִישִׁי וּבַיּוֹם הַשְּׁבִיעִי.
And see what is written on the verse "And He fed you the manna."	וְעַיֵּן מַה שֶּׁכָּתוּב עַל פָּסוּק "וַיַּאֲכִילְךָּ אֶת הַמָּן".

NOTE Summary:

This discourse revolves around the verse "והזה הטהור על הטמא ביום השלישי וביום השביעי" – "the pure shall sprinkle upon the impure on the third day and on the seventh day." The Alter Rebbe explains that these days correspond to two stages in the soul's elevation: (1) the third day, representing *Tiferes* (Divine mercy) which ascends to *Kesser* (Divine will), and (2) the seventh day, representing *Malchus* (sovereignty), which is linked to *David*, the ultimate servant of Hashem.

Purification from death, the ultimate impurity, reflects the soul's return from spiritual lifelessness. This is paralleled in the process of teshuvah—return to G-d—which draws on *rachamim rabim* (great mercy) from the supernal source. The ashes of the Red Heifer represent the burning away of negative thoughts, and the "living water" represents the influx of Divine wisdom from a transcendent source. The secret to accessing this lies in *avdus*, the utter

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self-nullification of a servant, which taps into G-d's essence (the level of "Mine truly"—שיש). This level is unchanging and beyond the opposites of life and death.

The impurity of death is linked to the *Sheviras HaKeilim* (the shattering of the vessels) from the world of Tohu, especially the fallen "kings" symbolized by Daas. The remedy is not Daas (knowledge) but *Bittul* (self-nullification) that transcends Daas. The third and seventh days—Yaakov and David—represent the two pillars of redemption: mercy from above and humility from below.

Practical Takeaway

When we feel spiritually distant or "dead"—overwhelmed by worldly entanglements or numbness in our connection to G-d—we can and must access *rachamim rabim* (abundant mercy). Teshuvah is not far; it is very close, precisely because it draws from the most transcendent levels—Kesser and Ein Sof. But the way to access it is through *bittul*, not understanding or rationalization. Becoming a "servant," completely surrendered to G-d's will, connects us directly to the essence of Divine life. Even when impurity seems insurmountable, the "sprinkling" of Divine mercy can purify, awaken, and restore.

Chassidic Story

The Alter Rebbe once received a desperate letter from a follower who had spiritually collapsed. He wrote, "I am as one who is dead; how can I ever rise again?" The Alter Rebbe answered him with a single sentence:

"Do you not know that the ashes of the Red Heifer purify even the impurity of death?"

He then added: "There is a place in the soul that is never impure. When you surrender yourself completely to Hashem and cry out from the depths, that place awakens. And when it awakens, it draws life even from the highest place—from the dew of resurrection that rests in the Crown Above."

This teaching became known among his students as "The Sprinkle of Mercy." It was recited by generations of Chassidim when helping others rise from despair, invoking the belief that no one is too far gone to be purified.

(Source: Sichos Shivchei HaBaal HaTanya, as recorded by early Chabad Chassidim)

TPX — Therapeutic-Psychological Integration:

"The Third Day. The Seventh Day. The Return to Life."

וָהְזָּה הַטָּהוֹר עַל הַטָּמֵא בַּיּוֹם הַשִּׁלִישִׁי וּבַיּוֹם הַשִּׁבִיעִי

Based on a Maamar from the Alter Rebbe – retold through the lens of inner healing and modern psychology

There's a mitzvah in Parshas Chukas that seems almost otherworldly.

A person becomes spiritually impure by coming into contact with death. To be purified, a red heifer is burned, its ashes mixed with fresh spring water, and then sprinkled upon the person—not once, but specifically on **the third day** and again on **the seventh day**.

It sounds like an ancient ritual. But the **Alter Rebbe** opens this up and shows us: this is not about ancient ashes—it's about **you**. About **me**. About those moments when you're not *technically* dead—but feel **emotionally lifeless**.

You wake up, and everything feels gray.

You smile—but it's performative.

You talk—but inside, you're alone.

You have a job, a life, a family—and yet, deep inside... something's missing.

Spiritual Death and the Nervous System

Today, psychologists have a term for this: **emotional shutdown**—a form of dissociation often rooted in trauma. It's when your nervous system enters the freeze state, not out of laziness or sin, but because it's trying to **protect you** from what feels unbearable. In trauma theory, we call this a **protective adaptation**—the psyche's way of saying, "This is too much. I'd rather not feel at all."

The Talmud says: "רשעים בחייהם קרויים מתים" – "The wicked, even in their lifetime, are called dead."

But Chassidus explains: "wicked" here doesn't mean evil—it means *disconnected*. Cut off from your essence. From hope. From your Creator.

What do you do when you're there? How do you come back?

The Alter Rebbe gives you a map.

The Third Day: Reconnecting to Compassion

The first step, he says, is **Day Three**. This corresponds to the **Sefirah of Tiferes**—Divine compassion, the heart center. It's not about fixing anything yet. It's about encountering your own pain **without judgment**.

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In Internal Family Systems (IFS) therapy, we'd call this the moment where your **Self** begins to witness your pain—not to exile it, but to sit with it.

In somatic work, it's where the **ventral vagal system**—the part of your nervous system wired for connection—starts to turn back on.

It's when someone in your life says:

"I see you. You're not broken. You're hurting. And you're still whole."

In Divine language, it's called רחמים רבים supernal mercy that flows not from logic, but from essence. The mercy of the **Crown**—the Divine Kesser—which is beyond intellect, beyond deserving.

And just like that—the person who is cut off begins to feel again.

The Seventh Day: Radical Surrender

But there's a second stage: **Day Seven**.

This is not just about emotion—it's about **identity**.

Day Seven is the Sefirah of **Malchus**, of **David**, the humble king, the servant of G-d. It's about becoming what the Alter Rebbe calls an a servant. Not in the degrading sense. In the **liberating sense**.

The ego steps aside. The soul steps forward.

This is what therapy sometimes calls **earned secure attachment**: when you no longer organize your life around fear or control, but around **trust**.

It's where healing no longer comes from analysis—but from **surrender**.

You say: "I don't have to understand everything. I just want to be real. To show up. To serve."

And G-d says: "Now you are Mine. Truly Mine."

The Ashes and the Water: Healing Through Contradiction

But don't miss this: the purification comes not from water alone. It comes from **ashes**—from what has burned, from what's been lost. But the ashes alone won't heal. You need to mix them with **living water**—with vitality, hope, Divine wisdom.

This is the core paradox of trauma recovery:

What hurt you is not what will heal you—but your healing will come from going through the hurt, not around it.

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The pain becomes the ingredient in your rebirth.

The Dew of Resurrection: The Self That Was Never Broken

And the Alter Rebbe ends with this breathtaking truth:

The reason you can be resurrected is because **you were never truly dead**.

Even when the soul is entangled in "death," its core Self was never damaged.

In Chassidus, this is called the **dew of resurrection**—moisture that was always hidden beneath the dust

In modern terms, it's the *undamaged core*—what trauma therapist Janina Fisher calls "the part that was never traumatized."

A Story: The Ashes and the Sprinkling

Years ago, in a clinic outside of Vancouver, a therapist was treating a young woman—let's call her Sarah—who had survived a long and complex history of abuse. She had tried everything: CBT, EMDR, medication. Nothing helped. She told the therapist:

"I don't even want to die. I just don't want to live. There's a difference."

He asked her:

"Do you think there's a part of you that still believes in something more?" She said:

"Maybe. But it's buried under too much ash."

One day, in a breakthrough session, the therapist simply sat silently with her for nearly an hour. No words. No interpretation. Just presence. And then he whispered:

"You know... you don't have to resurrect yourself. You just have to let me sprinkle."

She burst into tears. For the first time in years, she felt something. That was her **third day**.

Months later, she volunteered at a shelter for teenagers. A girl there had just been rescued from the streets and wouldn't speak to anyone. Sarah brought her water and sat beside her. Silent. Present.

After a long time, the girl said,

"You're not like the others. You're like... someone who died and came back."

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Sarah smiled and said,

"Maybe I did. But someone sprinkled something on me. So now it's my turn."

That was her seventh day.

Because resurrection doesn't begin in heaven. It begins in ashes. It begins on Day Three. And it is completed on Day Seven.

And it can begin right now.

END NOTE